Self-reactive substances and mixtures (4): Classification

- Decomposition energy > 300 kJ/kg from DSC measurement
- SADT < 75 °C



- Self-reactive substance acc. to GHS Directive
- Self-reactive substance acc. to transport regulations (Class 4.1)
- Further classification following extensive testing
- For transport, approval by "Competent Authorities"
- In general, only small packagings (≤ 50 kg net mass)

Organic peroxides and self-reactive substances and mixtures (5)









Further testing is

extensive and follows

the flowchart of the UN!



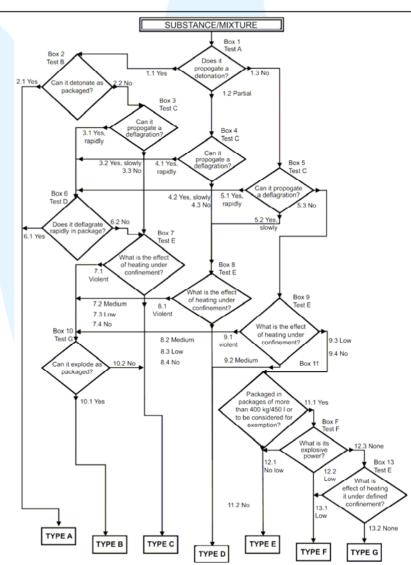












Explosives (1): Screening procedure



- Explosive properties are associated with the presence of certain chemical groups in a molecule....
- The screening procedure is aimed at identifying the presence of such reactive groups and the potential for rapid energy release.
- If the screening procedure identifies the substance or mixture to be a potential explosive, the acceptance procedure ... has to be performed.

Explosives (2): Criteria for exclusion

A substance / mixture shall not be classified as explosive if

- (a) There are no chemical groups associated with explosive properties present in the molecule(see Table 6.1, Annex 6, *UN Manual of Tests and Criteria*); or
- (b) The substance contains chemical groups associated with explosive properties which include oxygen and the calculated oxygen balance is less than - 200;
- (c) When ... the exothermic decomposition energy is less than 500 J/g and the onset of exothermic decomposition is below 500 °C; or
- •

Explosives (3): Comparison DSD vs. GHS

DSD

Test method: EC A.14

Impact sensitivity 50 mg

Friction sensitivity about 500 mg

Heating under confinement (Koenen test) about 30 g

GHS

Test method: UN Test series 2

Sensitivity to detonative shock 2 kg!

Ignition under confinement about 15 g

Heating under confinement (Koenen test) about 30 g

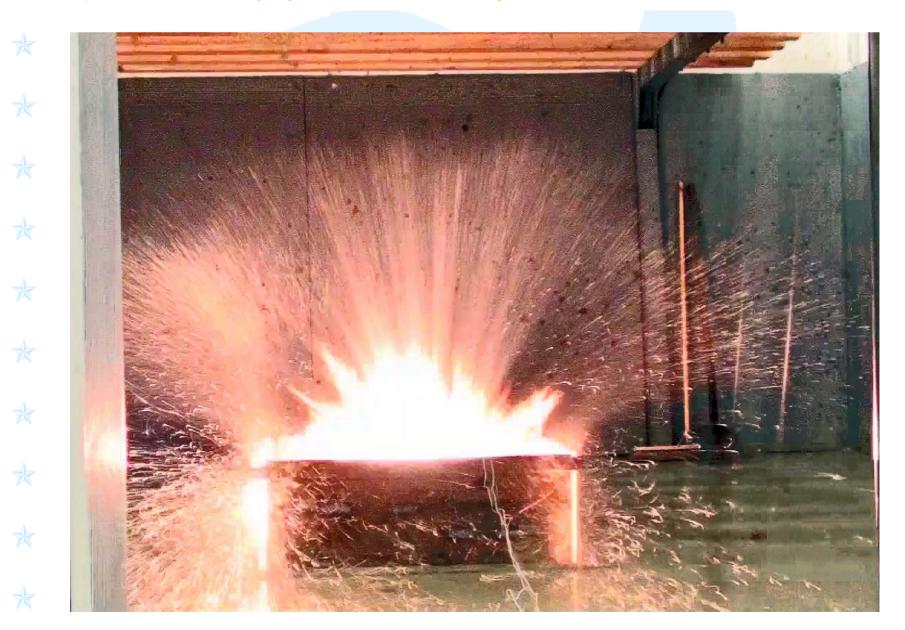
followed by further extensive testing







Explosives (4): Sensitivity to detonative shock

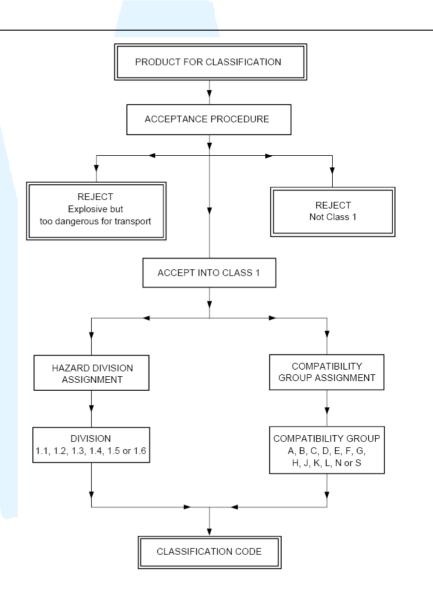




Classification is a complex procedure:

In the acceptance procedure, a classification as "Explosive" is established.

In a second step, the division and compatibitly group are determined.















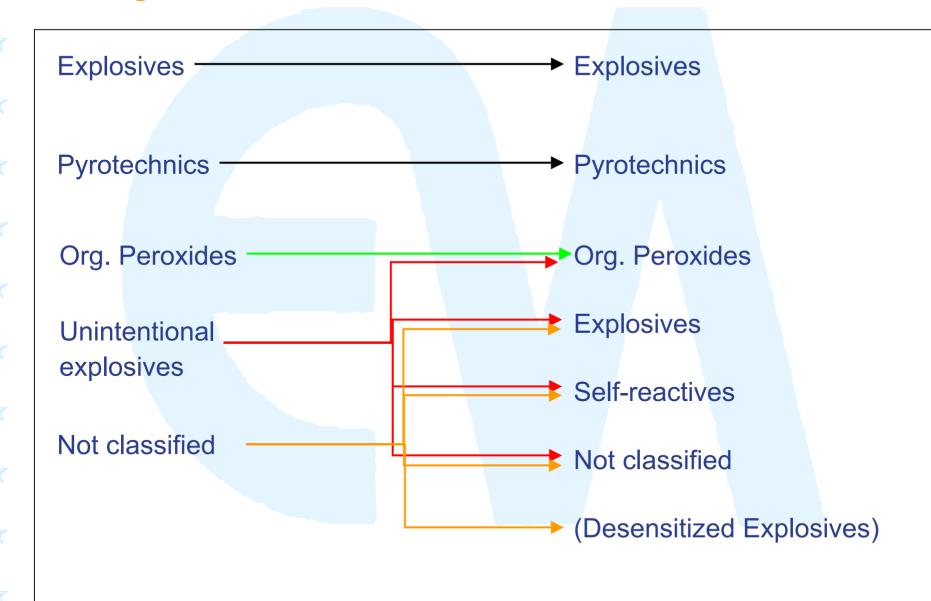




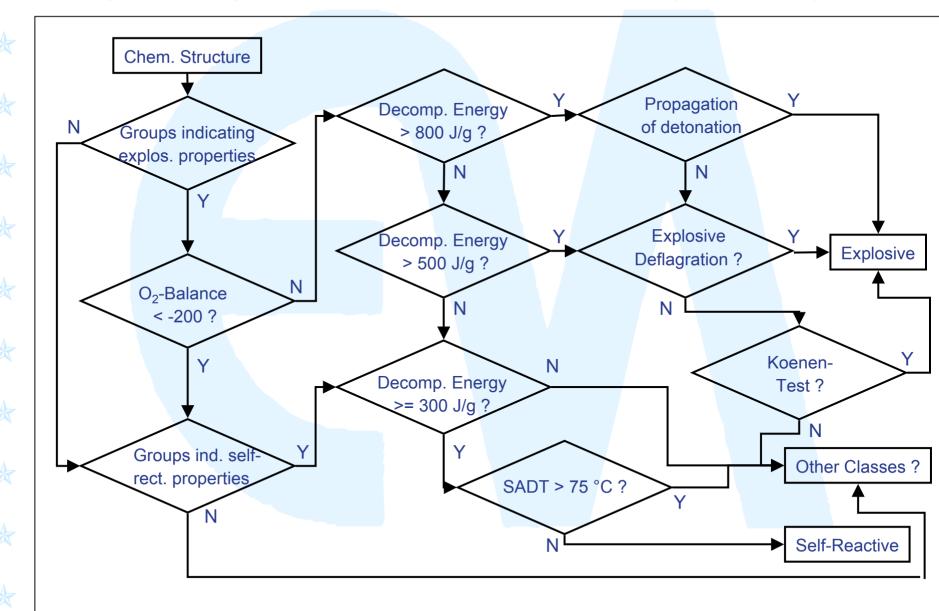




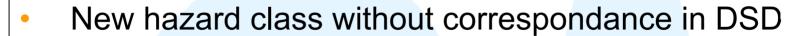
Energetic substances and mixtures



★Testing of energetic substances and mixtures (simplified)







- Test method: UN C.1
- Criteria for classification: Corrosion rate on either steel or aluminium surfaces exceeding 6,25 mm per year at a test temperature of 55 °C

Classification	Category 1
GHS Pictogram	
Signal Word	Warning
Hazard Statement	H290: May be corrosive to metals















Conclusions







 Check carefully if you can really apply the translation table of Annex VII



Obtain help from a competent (!) expert



Take possible consequences in downstream legislation into account



Be aware of the minimum requirements of REACH



Check whether the new hazard classes have to be applied to you substances



 Careful checking is especially required for energetic substances mixtures; a DSC measurement may help you in identifying a need to act







- Representative sample
- Closed crucible
- Inert crucible material
- Sample preparation under inert conditions if required
- Heating rate: 3 5 K/min





See http://www.dohrendorf.de/pages/startseite/berufsleben/vom-teen-ager-zum-man-ager.php

Thank you for your attention!

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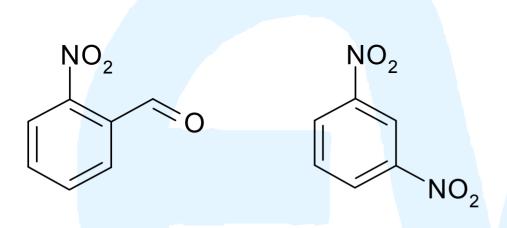
Sicherheitstechnisches Laboratorium:

http://www.currenta.com/index.php?page id=166

Telefon: 0214-30 61817

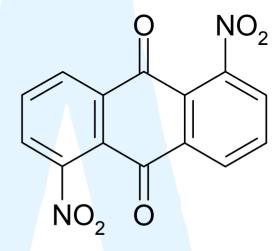
E-Mail: safety-lab@currenta.de

Explosives (7): Prediction of properties



No propagation of detonation

No propagation of detonation



Propagation of detonation

Germany: Classified as explosive

